

Emberton Neighbourhood Plan 2019 to 2031 Basic Conditions Statement February 2023

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1. Introduction

- 1.1 This statement has been prepared by Emberton Parish Council in support of the formal submission of the Emberton Neighbourhood Plan to the Local Planning Authority, Milton Keynes City Council. The submission has been made under Regulation 15 of the Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations, 2012 (as amended) and explains how the basic conditions of neighbourhood planning and other considerations as prescribed by Paragraph 8 of Schedule 4B of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 have been met.
- 1.2 Paragraph 8 of Schedule 4B to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 requires that Neighbourhood Development Plans must meet the following basic conditions:
 - (a) having regard to national policies and advice contained in guidance issued by the Secretary of State, it is appropriate to make the order,
 - (b) having special regard to the desirability of preserving any listed building or its setting or any features of special architectural or historic interest that it possesses, it is appropriate to make the order,
 - (c) having special regard to the desirability of preserving or enhancing the character or appearance of any conservation area, it is appropriate to make the order,
 - (d) the making of the order contributes to the achievement of sustainable development,
 - (e) the making of the order is in general conformity with the strategic policies contained in the development plan for the area of the authority (or any part of that area),
 - (f) the making of the order does not breach, and is otherwise compatible with, [F2retained EU obligations], and
 - (g) prescribed conditions are met in relation to the order and prescribed matters have been complied with in connection with the proposal for the order.
- 1.3 This Basic Conditions Statement addresses these requirements in Section 3.
- 1.4 The Emberton Neighbourhood Plan is supported by a Housing Site Assessment, Consultation Statement and this Basic Conditions Statement.

2. Background

2.1 The Neighbourhood Plan has been prepared by the Parish Council who are the designated qualifying body for the Neighbourhood Area covering the whole of the Parish of Emberton. The Neighbourhood Area was approved by Milton Keynes City Council on the 21 July 2016. The Neighbourhood Plan area can be seen below:



Figure 1: The designated Emberton Neighbourhood Plan area.

- 2.2 The decision to proceed with a Neighbourhood Plan was made by the Parish Council in May 2017. A Neighbourhood Plan Steering Group (NPSG) was formed by the Parish Council, comprising Parish Councillors and members of the local community.
- 2.3 Authority to prepare the Neighbourhood Plan was delegated to the NPSG to make day-to-day decisions on the content and policies. However, as the qualifying body, the Parish Council approved the Regulation 15 Submission Version Neighbourhood Plan on the 6th February 2023.
- 2.4 The Neighbourhood Plan has been prepared having regard to the National Planning Policy Framework, July 2021, and the strategic policies of the Milton Keynes Local Plan 'Plan:MK', adopted on the 20th March 2019 covering the period to 2031.
- 2.5 The Parish Council has worked closely with officers of Milton Keynes City Council during the preparation of the Neighbourhood Plan to ensure the relationship between the Neighbourhood Plan and the policies of 'Plan:MK' have been properly understood. The Steering Group has also benefited from the professional planning and design advice of Chris Akrill BA (Hons) Dtp MRTPI of Town Planning Services Limited.

3. Assessment of the Basic Conditions

- 3.1 The following assesses the Neighbourhood Plan against the basic condition requirements contained within the Town Planning Act 1990, Schedule 4, Part 8.
- 3.2 having regard to national policies and advice contained in guidance issued by the Secretary of State, it is appropriate to make the order

NP Policy	National Planning Policy Framework	Planning Practice Guidance	Comment
H1 DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY	NPPF 119, NPPF 120	PPG 103 Reference ID: 41-103- 20190509	Making effective use of land, protecting the open countryside, and promoting good design. Planning positively for the delivery of new homes. Environmental sustainability and achieving well-designed spaces.
H2 WINDFALL INFILL DEVELOPMENT	NPPF 71		Making effective use of land, protecting the open countryside, and promoting good design. Planning positively for the delivery of new homes. Environmental sustainability and achieving well-designed spaces.
H3 LAND AT HARVEY DRIVE	NPPF 69, NPPF 70		Planning positively for the delivery of new homes. Promoting good design and enhancement of the natural environment. Environmental sustainability and achieving well-designed spaces.

NP Policy	National Planning	Planning Practice	Comment
	Policy Framework	Guidance	
H4 INTEGRATION OF NEW HOUSING	NPPF 92		Encourages integration and promoting healthy and safe communities. Social sustainability and well-being.
BE1 BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT	NPPF 84, NPPF 85		Encouraging business and employment. Supporting a prosperous rural economy.
CD1 CONSERVATION AND HERITAGE	NPPF 190	PPG Paragraph: 005 Reference ID: 18a- 005-20190723	Conserving and enhancing the historic environment and heritage assets.
CD2 HIGH QUALITY DESIGN	NPPF 126, NPPF 127, NPPF 130	PPG Paragraph: 004 Reference ID: 26- 004-20191001	Promoting good, high- quality design. Achieving well-designed spaces.
CD3 CAR PARKING	NPPF 107		Promoting good, high- quality design. Achieving well-designed spaces.
HT1 TRANSPORT, HIGHWAYS AND NEW DEVELOPMENT	NPPF 104		Reducing the impact of traffic on the village, encouraging well connected spaces and transport choices. Promoting sustainable transport.
E1 LOCAL GREEN SPACE	NPPF 98	PPG Paragraph: 006 Reference ID: 37- 006-20140306	Planning positively for the provision of community facilities. Promoting healthy and safe communities. Social sustainability.
E2 ENVIRONMENT AND BIODIVERSITY ENHANCEMENT	NPPF 174	PPG Paragraph: 006 Reference ID: 8- 006-20190721	Protection and enhancement of the natural environment and bio-diversity improvements.

NP Policy	National Planning	Planning Practice	Comment
	Policy Framework	Guidance	
			Environmental
			sustainability.
E3 TREES AND	NPPF 174		Protection of natural
HEDGEROWS	NPPF 1/4		features and mitigation
			of bio-diversity lost from
			development. Environmental
			sustainability.
E4 DARK SKIES	NPPF 185	PPG Paragraph: 001	Limit the impact of light
AND LIGHT		Reference ID: 31-	pollution from artificial
POLLUTION		001-20191101	light on local amenity,
			intrinsically dark landscapes and nature
			conservation
CFR1	NPPF 153, NPPF 154,	PPG Paragraph: 004	Promoting sustainable
MANAGING	NPPF 161	Reference ID: 7-	drainage schemes and
FLOOD RISK		004-20220825	the enhancement of the natural environment.
			Climate change and
			environmental
			sustainability.
CFR2	NPPF 152, NPPF 153		Support the transition to a low carbon future in a
SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION			changing climate
CF1 COMMUNITY	NPPF 92, NPPF 93		Protecting community facilities for future
FACILITIES			generations. Promoting
			healthy and safe
			communities. Social sustainability.
CF2 : FORMER EMBERTON	NPPF 92, NPPF 93		Protecting community facilities for future
SCHOOL AND			generations. Promoting
PLAYING FIELD			healthy and safe
			communities. Social sustainability.
			,

- (a) having special regard to the desirability of preserving any listed building or its setting or any features of special architectural or historic interest that it possesses, it is appropriate to make the order,
- 3.3 The Neighbourhood Plan does not grant planning permission or have any proposals for development that affects a listed building or its setting. This basic condition does not apply, in accordance with the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, Schedule 4, part 8 (3).
- *(b) having special regard to the desirability of preserving or enhancing the character or appearance of any conservation area, it is appropriate to make the order,*
- 3.4 The Neighbourhood Plan does not grant planning permission or have any proposals for development that affects the conservation area or its setting. This basic condition does not apply, in accordance with the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, Schedule 4, part 8 (4).

(c) the making of the order contributes to the achievement of sustainable development,

- 3.5 The NPPF states in paragraph 7 that the purpose of the planning system is to contribute to the achievement of sustainable development. Achieving sustainable development means that the planning system has three overarching objectives, which are interdependent and need to be pursued in mutually supportive ways (NPPF, Para. 8).
- 3.6 The strategic objectives of the Neighbourhood Plan comprise a balance of economic, social and environmental roles.
- 3.7 The economic role has been met by supporting the creation of new employment opportunities and businesses, through Policy BE1. Furthermore, the Neighbourhood Plan makes an allocation for new housing in the village, albeit at a modest scale, that will when constructed add to the local economy, Policy H3.
- 3.8 The social role includes the support for community facilities within the village, through Policy CFR1 and Policy CFR2. Encouragement is also given to improving access to the countryside, recognising the social benefits of engaging with the environment around us.
- 3.9 The environmental role has been delivered by the protection of the natural environment and historic environment, including the Conservation Area, Scheduled Ancient Monuments and Listed Buildings (Policy CD1). New development is required to demonstrate that good design (Policy CD2), energy efficiency, sustainable drainage, and minimising adverse impacts have been taken into account (Policy CFR1). The Neighbourhood Plan also includes policies that seek to deliver net gains to the biodiversity of the Parish and protect natural features such as mature trees and hedgerows (Policy E2 and Policy E3). Policy E4 also seeks to protect the dark skies within the Parish.

- (d) the making of the order is in general conformity with the strategic policies contained in the development plan for the area of the authority (or any part of that area),
- 3.10 The strategic policies in the Development Plan are set out in the adopted Plan:MK, dated March 2019.

NP Policy	Plan M:K Policy	Comment
H1 DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY	DS1, DS2, DS5	Settlement Hierarchy,
		Housing Strategy and
		Open Countryside.
H2 WINDFALL INFILL DEVELOPMENT	DS2	Housing Strategy.
H3 LAND AT HARVEY DRIVE	DS2, D2	Housing Strategy, Creating
		a Positive Character.
H4 INTEGRATION OF NEW HOUSING	DS2, SD1	Housing Strategy, Place
		Making Principles for
		Development.
BE1 BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT	DS3	Employment Development
		Strategy.
CD1 CONSERVATION AND HERITAGE	HE1	Llevitage and
CDI CONSERVATION AND HERITAGE		Heritage and Development.
		Development.
CD2 HIGH QUALITY DESIGN	SD1, D1, D3	Place-Making Principles
		for Development,
		Designing a High-Quality
		Place, Design of Buildings.
CD3 CAR PARKING	CT2	Movement and Access.
HT1 TRANSPORT, HIGHWAYS AND NEW	CT2	Movement and Access.
DEVELOPMENT		
E1 LOCAL GREEN SPACE	SD1, NE3	Place-Making Principles
		for Development,
		Biodiversity and
		Geological Enhancement.
E2 ENVIRONMENT AND BIODIVERSITY	SD1, NE3	Place-Making Principles
ENHANCEMENT		for Development,

NP Policy	Plan M:K Policy	Comment
		Biodiversity and Geological Enhancement.
E3 TREES AND HEDGEROWS	NE3	Biodiversity and Geological Enhancement.
E4 DARK SKIES AND LIGHT POLLUTION	NE6	Environmental Pollution Light
CFR1 MANAGING FLOOD RISK	SD1, FR1	Place-Making Principles for Development, Flood Risk
CFR2 SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION	SC1, SC3	Sustainable Construction, Low Carbon, and Renewable Energy Generation.
CF1 COMMUNITY FACILITIES	SD1, L2, CC3	Place-Making Principles for Development, Protection of Open Space and Existing Facilities, Protection of Community Facilities.
CF2 : FORMER EMBERTON SCHOOL AND PLAYING FIELD	SD1, L2, CC3	Place-Making Principles for Development, Protection of Open Space and Existing Facilities, Protection of Community Facilities.

(e) the making of the order does not breach, and is otherwise compatible with retained EU obligations,

- 3.11 Milton Keynes City Council have considered the Neighbourhood Plan to determine the need for a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) in accordance with the European Directive 2001/42/EC and associated Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004.
- 3.12 They have also addressed the need for Appropriate Assessment, in accordance with European Directive 92/43/EEC, commonly known as the Habitats Directive.

- 3.13 The requirement for a Strategic Environment Assessment (SEA) is set out in the "Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004". There is also practical guidance on applying European Directive 2001/42/EC produced by the ODPM (now DCLG)¹. These documents have been used as the basis for this screening report.
- 3.14 The assessment concluded that:

"The Emberton Neighbourhood Plan will provide a planning policy framework to be used when considering planning applications in the Neighbourhood Area.

The Plan's effects are unlikely to have any significant impacts beyond the Neighbourhood Area and it is considered that overall the plan will not have significant effects on the environment. It is, therefore the opinion of Milton Keynes City Council that the Emberton Neighbourhood Plan does not need to be subject to Strategic Environmental Assessment."

- 3.15 A copy of the Screening Statement for SEA and Appropriate Assessment from Milton Keynes City Council dated May 2022 is appended to this document at Annex 1.
- 3.16 The Parish Council considers that the Emberton Neighbourhood Plan has had regard to the fundamental rights and freedoms guaranteed under the European Convention on Human Rights and complies with the Human Rights Act 1998. The Plan has been subject to extensive engagement with those people local to the area who could be affected by its policies and their views have been taken into account in finalising the Plan.
- (f) prescribed conditions are met in relation to the order and prescribed matters have been complied with in connection with the proposal for the order.
- 3.17 The Neighbourhood Plan has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the prescribed conditions set out in the Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012 and the Localism Act 2011.

4. Conclusion

- 4.1 The Basic Conditions as set out in Schedule 4B to the TCPA 1990 are considered to be met by the Emberton Neighbourhood Plan and all the policies contained therein.
- 4.2 It is therefore respectfully suggested to the Examiner that the Emberton Neighbourhood Plan complies with Paragraph 8(1)(a) of Schedule 4B of the Act.

Annex 1:

Screening Statement for Strategic Environmental Assessment and Appropriate Assessment

Milton Keynes City Council, April 2019

Emberton Neighbourhood Plan Strategic Environmental Assessment Screening Report Appropriate Assessment Screening April 2022

1. Introduction

1.1 What is the screening opinion?

- 1.2 This report has been produced to determine the need for a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) in accordance with the European Directive 2001/42/EC and associated Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004.
- 1.3 This document also addresses the need for Appropriate Assessment, in accordance with European Directive 92/43/EEC, commonly known as the Habitats Directive.

1.4 What is the Neighbourhood Plan trying to achieve?

- 1.5 The Neighbourhood Area covers the whole of the Emberton Parish Council Area (see Appendix 1), which is a rural parish set in attractive landscape and with considerable heritage assets, including a conservation area and listed buildings.
- 1.6 The plan allocates two small housing allocations on the edge of the village, outside of the conservation area. The plan includes policies to protect the village's heritage.
- 1.7 The plan is available online on the Emberton Parish council website at: <u>https://www.embertonparishcouncil.co.uk/neighbourhood-plan/</u>

2. Policy context

- 2.1 Plan:MK was formally adopted in March 2019. Plan:MK provides the statutory land use planning framework for Milton Keynes.
- 2.2 Although the Neighbourhood Plan must be in general conformity with the strategic policies of the Plan:MK, it can promote more development, but must not propose less. It will also provide a more local context to the non-strategic policies of the Local Plan.
- 2.3 The Neighbourhood Plan will be subject to public consultation in accordance with the relevant regulations prior to its adoption.

3. SEA Screening

- 3.1 The requirement for a Strategic Environment Assessment (SEA) is set out in the "Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004". There is also practical guidance on applying European Directive 2001/42/EC produced by the ODPM (now DCLG)¹. These documents have been used as the basis for this screening report.
- 3.2 Neighbourhood Plans must be screened to establish whether or not they will require Strategic Environmental Assessment. The ODPM practical guidance provides a checklist approach based on the SEA regulations to help determine whether SEA is required. This guide has been used as the basis on which to assess the need for SEA as set out below.

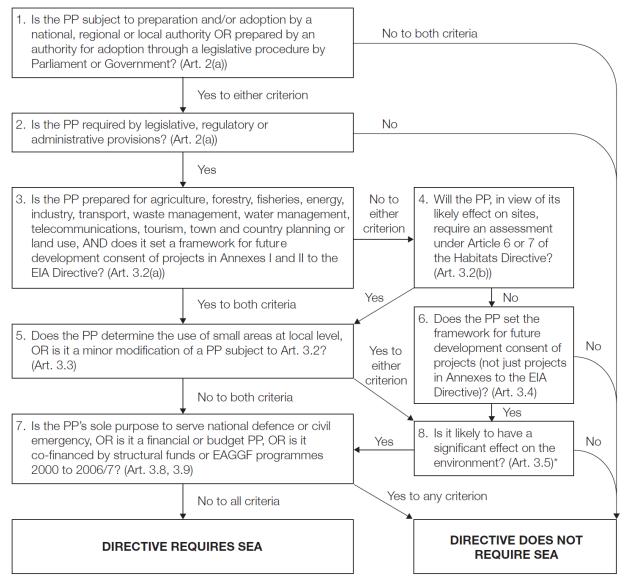


Figure 1: Establishing the need for SEA

*The Directive requires Member States to determine whether plans or programmes in this category are likely to have significant environmental effects. These determinations may be made on a case by case basis and/or by specifying types of plan or programme.

¹ A Practical Guide to the Strategic Environmental Assessment Directive (2005) (ODPM)

Figure 2: Establishing the need for SEA of the Neighbourhood Plan

Stage	Answer	Reason	
1. Is the NP subject to preparation	Yes	It will be prepared by the Parish	
and/or adoption by a national, regional		Council and adopted by Milton Keynes	
or local authority OR prepared by an		Council under the 2012	
authority for adoption through a		Neighbourhood Planning Regulations.	
legislative procedure by Parliament of			
Government? (Article 2(a))			
2. Is the NP required by legislative,	Yes	Although there is no requirement to	
regulatory or administrative provisions?		produce Neighbourhood Plans, they	
(Article 2(a))		are subject to formal procedures and	
		regulations laid down by national	
		government. In light the European	
		Court of Justice ruling in the Case	
		C-567/10 it is considered that this	
		means the NP is 'required'.	
3. Is the NP prepared for agriculture,	No	The NP is prepared for town and	
forestry, fisheries, energy, industry,		country planning purposes but does	
transport, waste management, water		not explicitly set a framework for	
management, telecommunications,		future development consent of	
tourism, town and country planning or		projects in Annexes I or II of the EIA	
land use, AND does it set a framework		Directive.	
for future development consent of			
projects in Annexes I and II to the EIA			
Directive? (Art. 3.2(a))			
4. Will the plan in view of its likely	No	An Appropriate Assessment has been	
effect on sites, require an assessment		undertaken for Plan:MK and that has	
under Article 6 or 7 of the Habitats		also concluded that the local plan will	
directive?		not require assessment under the	
		Habitats Directive.	
		The relatively small level of additional	
		The relatively small level of additional development likely to arise from the	
		Neighbourhood Plan means that it is	
		unlikely to require an assessment under Article 6 or 7 of the Habitats	
		Directive.	
6. Does the plan set the framework for	Yes	The Neighbourhood Plan will provide	
future development consent of		a framework for future development	
projects?		consent of projects in the area.	
8. Is the NP likely to have a significant			
effect on the environment?	significance of effects		
	Jighinean		

SEA Directive Annex II: Criteria for determining likely significance of effects referred to in Article 3(5)				
Criteria	√/x/	MKC Comment		
	?			
The characteristics of plans and prog	rammes	, having regard, in particular, to:		
1a) The degree to which the plan or		The NP will set a framework for future		
programme sets a framework for		development projects, in terms of location,		
projects and other activities, either		nature and scale/size. However, the plan		
with regard to the location, nature,	\checkmark	will need to be in general conformity with		
size and operating conditions or by		higher level plans so the scope of the plan		
allocating resources		to fully influence projects and activities is		
		somewhat limited.		
1b) The degree to which the plan		The NP will form part of the statutory		
or programme influences other	\checkmark	development plan for MK with the same		
plans and programmes including		status in decision making as development		
those in a hierarchy		plan documents.		
1c) The relevance of the plan or		Sustainable development will be at the		
programme for the integration of		heart of NPs and policies could make a		
environmental considerations in	\checkmark	significant contribution to promoting		
particular with a view to promoting		sustainable development, particularly		
sustainable development		ensuring any greenfield allocations are		
		planned in a sustainable way.		
1d) Environmental problems	х	None		
relevant to the plan or programme		The ND is unlikely to be directly relevant in		
1e) The relevance of the plan or programme for the		The NP is unlikely to be directly relevant in regard to this criterion.		
implementation of Community				
legislation on the environment	x			
(e.g. plans and programmes linked	~			
to waste-management or water				
protection).				
	he area	likely to be affected, having regard, in		
particular, to:				
2a) The probability, duration,		In the case of new land allocations it is		
frequency and reversibility of the		highly probable that policies will lead to		
effects		development that will have an irreversible		
		impact on the environment. Aside from any		
	х	new land allocations, any effects of the plan		
		are likely to be reversible, as they will		
		influence the general evolution of the		
		townscape, which has been subject to		
		ongoing change over 100s of years.		
2b) The cumulative nature of the		The cumulative impacts of the effects of the		
effects	Х	plan on the environment are not expected		
		to be any greater than the individual parts.		
2c) The trans-boundary nature of	х	Any impacts are only likely to be felt by the		
the effects		local area.		
2d) The risks to human health or		It is unlikely that the nature of any		
the environment (e.g. due to	х	development proposed would impact on		
accidents)		human health. Any development is likely to		
		be for housing and ancillary uses.		

2e) The magnitude and spatial extent of the effects (geographical area and size of the population likely to be affected)	х	The effects of the plan are unlikely to felt in a spatial area wider than the plan area. The plan is also unlikely to affect any population outside the plan area.
2f) The value and vulnerability of the area likely to be affected due to: I. special natural characteristics or cultural heritage, II. exceeded environmental quality standards or limit values III. intensive land-use	√/?	The NP covers a rural area and the village contains a defined Conservation Area. The Plan includes design policies to preserve and enhance the heritage assets of the area. Overall, it is considered that the value and vulnerability of the plan area is unlikely to be affected by those elements of the Neighbourhood Plan policies.
2g) The effects on areas or landscapes which have a recognised national, community or international protection status	х	There are no areas or landscapes with these designations in Milton Keynes.

4. SEA Conclusion

- 4.1 The Emberton Neighbourhood Plan will provide a planning policy framework to be used when considering planning applications in the Neighbourhood Area.
- 4.2 The Plan's effects are unlikely to have any significant impacts beyond the Neighbourhood Area and it is considered that overall the plan will not have significant effects on the environment. It is, therefore the opinion of Milton Keynes Council that the Emberton Neighbourhood Plan does not need to be subject to Strategic Environmental Assessment.

5. Consultation on SEA Screening Opinion

5.1 The three statutory bodies for the purposes of SEA Screening are English Heritage, the Environment Agency and Natural England. The three bodies were consulted on the draft Screening Opinion and the following comments were received:

Historic England: On the basis of the information supplied, and in the context of the criteria set out in Schedule 1 of the Environmental Assessment Regulations [Annex II of 'SEA' Directive], Historic England concurs with the Council that the preparation of a Strategic Environmental Assessment is not required.

Environment Agency: We agree with the conclusions that have been reached.

English Nature: It is our advice, on the basis of the material supplied with the consultation, that, in so far as our strategic environmental interests (including but not limited to statutory designated sites, landscapes and protected species, geology and soils) are concerned, that there are unlikely to be significant environmental effects from the proposed plan. **Natural England agrees with your conclusions, we do not feel that an SEA HRA is required.** We have checked our records and based on the information provided, we can confirm that in our view the proposals contained within the plan will not have significant effects on sensitive sites that Natural England has a statutory duty to protect. We are not aware of significant populations of protected species which are likely to be affected by the policies / proposals within the plan. It remains the case, however, that the responsible authority should provide information supporting this screening decision, sufficient to assess whether protected species are likely to be affected.

SEA Screening Conclusion

Having screened the Emberton Neighbourhood Plan and consulted with Historic England, Natural England and the Environment Agency, it is the view of Milton Keynes Council that the Plan's effects are unlikely to have any significant impacts beyond the Neighbourhood Area and it is considered that overall the Plan will not have significant effects on the environment. It is, therefore, concluded that the Emberton Neighbourhood Plan does not need to be subject to Strategic Environmental Assessment.

6. Appropriate Assessment (AA) Screening

- 6.1 Legal protection is afforded to habitats and species of European importance through Directive 92/43/EEC on the Conservation of Natural Habitats and Wild Flora and Fauna known as the 'Habitats Directive'. Articles 6(3) and 6(4) of the Habitats Directive require AA of plans to be undertaken. This involves assessing the contents of plans to ensure that their policies and proposals maintain the integrity of Natura 2000 sites. The assessment must determine whether the plan would adversely affect the nature conservation objectives of each site. Where negative effects can be identified, other options should be examined to avoid any potential damaging effects.
- 6.2 The application of the precautionary principle through the Habitats Directive means that plans can only be permitted once it is shown that there will be no adverse effect on the integrity of any Natura 2000 sites. In the rare case of there being no alternatives available or over-riding reasons of public interest why a plan needs to be implemented, plans that do have negative impacts may still be approved.

7. Screening for Appropriate Assessment

- 7.1 The first stage in carrying out an Appropriate Assessment for the Habitats Directive is screening, by determining whether the plan is likely to have any significant effect on a European site, either alone or in combination with other plans and projects.
- 7.2 The Neighbourhood Plan will be in general conformity with Plan:MK which itself was screened for Appropriate Assessment. The screening process for Plan:MK demonstrated that Milton Keynes lies in an area void of any Natura 2000 sites. The nearest European site is the Chiltern Beechwoods to the south of the Borough although it was determined that the site would not be affected by Milton Keynes planning policy due to the distance of the site from Milton Keynes and there being no obvious impact pathways.

7.3 An Appropriate Assessment has been published for Plan:MK

(http://miltonkeynes.objective.co.uk/portal/planmk/plan_mk_submission/planmk_sa_hra? pointId=1510067377589) which covers the period to 2031. This considers the impact of the Local Plan on the Upper Nene Valley Gravel Pits SPA and concludes that "development in the Milton Keynes Local Plan will not have a likely significant effect on any internationally important wildlife sites either alone or in combination with other plans and projects. These conclusions are based on the findings of the AA screening which concludes that no Natura 2000 sites are located within the district and no impact pathways have been identified linking Natura 2000 sites outside of the district e.g. Upper Nene Valley Gravel Pits SPA/Ramsar to development within Milton Keynes Borough. Therefore an Appropriate Assessment is not required."

8. Appropriate Assessment Conclusion

8.1 Given the role of Neighbourhood Plans and the scale of development likely to be proposed in the Emberton Neighbourhood Plan, it is considered that Appropriate Assessment of the plan is not required.

9. Contact

Further information can be obtained from: UDLA Planning and Placemaking Civic Offices 1 Saxon Gate East Central Milton Keynes MK9 3EJ

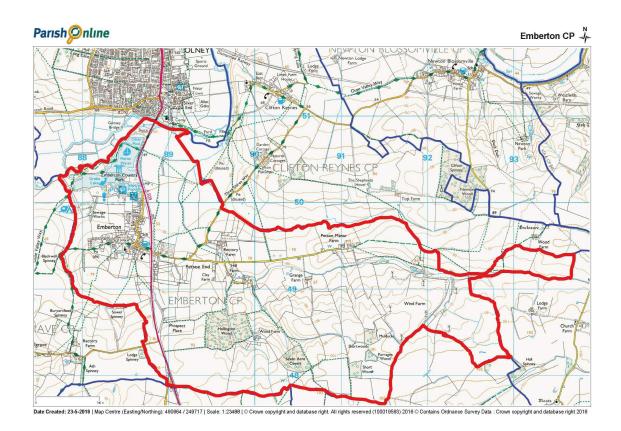
W: <u>www.miltonkeynes.gov.uk/planning-policy</u>

T: 01908 691691

E: <u>neighbourhoodplanning@milton-keynes.gov.uk</u>

Appendix 1

Map of Emberton Neighbourhood Area





Prepared with the support of Town Planning Services

The Exchange, Colworth Park, Sharnbrook, Bedfordshire, MK44 1LZ

01234 92<u>4 920</u>

www.townplanning.services

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